

THE "DIXIE" LANDS MARINES AT COLON.

THEY ARE SENT INTO CAMP AT
EMPIRE, NEAR PANAMA.

SIGNIFICANCE OF MOVEMENT.

Is It to Relieve the Blue Jacks From
Confinement, or for Moral Effect?
Affairs in the Isthmus.

COLON, Dec. 8.—A company of marines from the United States auxiliary cruiser Dixie, under command of Captain Wirt McCreary, were landed here this morning and took a train for Empire, a town on the railroad near Panama, where a camp was established in the canal company's buildings. Another company of marines, to the number of fifty, from the Dixie, left on the afternoon train for Empire. The camp at Empire is now thoroughly equipped and all precautions from a sanitary standpoint to ensure the health of the marines have been taken. The camp will be supplied with water from the Dixie, pending the analysis of the drinking water available there. If this water should be found to be good, the remainder of the 450 marines on board the Dixie will be transferred to the camp in batches of 50. The stated official purpose of this movement is to give the marines practice in the building of camps and to provide relief from their long confinement on the vessel. The actual purpose of the United States government in landing the marines is, however, believed to be connected with the precautionary measures now being carried out on both sides of the Isthmus and also for the moral effect which the landing of the marines may have on the native garrison at Panama, the loyalty of which, though hitherto absolutely unswerving, has been questioned in some quarters, especially since the discovery of the plot against the life of General Huertas, commander-in-chief of the forces of the republic of Panama, and the effort on the part of a few army officers to persuade the garrison to revolt. It is considered significant that the point selected for the encampment of the Dixie's marines, while it is the highest and best so far as sanitary conditions are concerned on the line of the Panama railroad, is also on the trail most frequently used in the past for the movement of troops overland from the Cauca district into the Chiriqui district.

If a body of Colombian troops should succeed in obtaining a foothold in the rich Chiriqui district, it is generally conceded that after raids on the countryside they could retreat to the mountain fastness, from which it would be more difficult to dislodge them.

There is no doubt that the naval authorities took into consideration the moral effect on the Colombian government of the establishment of a marine camp at Empire.

The report of the movement of 3,000 soldiers from Cartagena for the purpose of invading the Isthmus cannot be confirmed. Rumors of such movements may be looked for frequently, particularly as the people of the Isthmus are more or less excited by the precautionary measures adopted by the United States.

General Huertas is about to establish a small garrison of the troops of the new republic at Yaviza, a town at the head of San Miguel bay, on the Pacific side of the Isthmus.

Commissioners Return Home.

PANAMA, Dec. 8.—A special train from Colon arrived here today, having on board Dr. Manuel Amador and Frederico Boyd, the special commissioners from the republic of Panama, returned from their visit to Washington.

Several big receptions have taken place here recently, but there has been nothing like the demonstration today. The railroad station and the streets adjoining it were packed with thousands of enthusiastic people. Battalions of firemen in full uniform lined the streets, which were profusely decorated with flags. Several arches, bearing such inscriptions as "To Panama's Savior," "To Panama's Liberator" and "To Panama's First President," were erected on the streets.

When the commissioners stepped from the train bands of music played patriotic airs, the crowds cheered wildly and several orators made speeches, to which Dr. Amador replied. Then entering carriages the commissioners were driven through lines of soldiers and followed by military bands to Dr. Amador's residence. As Dr. Amador passed his carriage was pelted with flowers thrown from the balconies. At Santa Ana speeches were delivered.

Panama may be said to be intoxicated with joy. There were processions, serenades and fireworks tonight.

JOSEPH HINDMAN KILLED
WIFE AND SUICIDED.

A Sad Ending of Domestic Troubles in
a Coraopolis Family.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 8.—Mrs. Joseph Hindman was shot in the head and almost instantly killed by her husband at their home in Coraopolis, Pa., today. After killing his wife Hindman walked into the kitchen and, placing the revolver to the back of his head, sent a bullet into his brain. The cause of the shooting has not yet been determined. It is said the couple frequently quarreled and angry words were heard to pass between them shortly before the shooting took place.

Hindman died soon after being removed to the hospital. He had been drinking hard for several weeks and it is said this was the cause of today's quarrel.

UPTON AND MCGREGOR
CONVICTED OF FRAUDS.

But Sentence Is Suspended Pending a
Motion for a New Trial.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 8.—Columbus Ellsworth Upton and Thomas W. McGregor, on trial in the United States district court here for conspiracy in connection with a contract for leather pouches, were adjudged guilty late this afternoon. Sentence was suspended pending a motion for a new trial.

A JEALOUS LOVER KILLS HIS BETROTHED.

Murdered a Dancer and Suicided Because
She Looked at Another Man.

BERLIN, Dec. 8.—It became known today that the leading female dancer at the Metropole theatre, Fraulein Frieda Boelke, was murdered at a house in Cologne, Dec. 2, by Ferdinand Tossier, a manufacturer of machinery at Vichy, France, who had several times been a Nationalist candidate for member of the chamber of deputies. They were engaged to be married and had dined together at the house and quarreled in a private sitting room because the woman had looked too frequently, as Tossier thought, at another man in the dining room.

He first tried to chloroform the dancer, but she was a strong woman and pushed him off. Tossier then took a hatchet, which he had concealed about him, and struck the woman once ineffectually and then stabbed her fatally three times with a dagger. The house people heard the struggle and rushed to the spot, whereupon Tossier, with his back to the door, shot and killed himself.

Upon Tossier's body were found a variety of weapons, several sorts of poison and crosses and amulets from Lourdes.

Though the tragedy occurred Dec. 2, through the influence of Tossier's family, the facts were not published until the dancer was buried here yesterday.

DOWIE AGAIN IN CONTROL OF ZION.

RECEIVERS BLOUNT AND CURRIER
DISCHARGED.

BANKRUPTCY CASE STANDS,
But Will Probably Be Withdrawn in a
Few Days—All the Creditors Satisfied and Everybody Pleased.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—John Alexander Dowie is again in control of Zion City and all its industries. This turn in the affairs of the head of the Christian Catholic church followed a financial showing made this afternoon, which satisfied all the creditors, who immediately made a formal motion before Judge Kohlsaat to have the receivership appointed by the United States district court a week ago dissolved. As no objection was offered to the motion by any of the creditors, Judge Kohlsaat granted the request and Receivers Blount and Currier were discharged. While the receivers have been relieved from further duties at Zion City, the bankruptcy proceedings are still maintained. It is likely, however, that these will be dismissed in a day or two, or as soon as the creditors' committee, appointed Monday, has an opportunity to report on the advisability of accepting Dowie's offer of settlement. This provides for payment of all merchandise accounts within one year and the giving of notes in the meantime, bearing 5 per cent. interest. By the terms of agreement, Dowie has agreed to pay all the expenses of the receivers.

The effectment of the receivers from Zion City appeared to please all parties concerned.

Dr. Dowie, who was present in court with his representatives, appeared jubilant over the turn in his financial affairs. Attorney Ettelson, who filed the original petition, said he was agreeable to a discharge of the receivers and the terms still give his clients an opportunity to get full payment of their claims. Attorney Appadome, representing the only secured creditor, Samuel Stevenson, said his client's interests are now well protected and there will be no occasion for demanding an indemnifying bond from the original petitioners.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER'S
GIFT TO OIL CITY Y. M. C. A.

Yesterday Sent a Check for \$10,000 to
Help Pay for Building.

OIL CITY, Dec. 8.—[Special.]—Fred S. Bates, one of the directors of the Oil City Y. M. C. A., today received a check from John D. Rockefeller of New York for \$10,000, to be applied as a payment on the new building recently purchased by the association at a cost of \$31,500.

Mr. Rockefeller gave the money in consideration of the fact that very many of the members of the association are his employees in the National Transit shops and elsewhere in Oil City. He explained that under these conditions he felt it a pleasure to subscribe for a purpose which would benefit them socially and otherwise. It was a simple gift, unhampered by conditions, and will be received and applied in freeing the building of debt.

The reading room in connection with the Y. M. C. A. was given by H. H. Rodgers, who equipped it completely and beautifully. Later he placed \$25,000 in trust, the interest of which is to be used to maintain the room.

LANGFORD GETS DE-
CISION OVER GANS,

But He Was Over Weight and Loses
Championship.

BOSTON, Dec. 8.—Samuel Langford, a colored pugilist from Cambridge, Conn., received the decision over Joe Gans of Baltimore, the lightweight champion of the world, in a fifteen-round bout at the Criterion Athletic club in this city. Although Langford won the decision, he was not awarded the world's lightweight championship, as he was two pounds over weight.

Langford became aggressive in the fourth round and his blocking and foot work puzzled Gans.

In the last eight rounds practically all the honors were on Langford's side. He landed many hard blows, while Gans found the Cambridge boy but infrequently.

In war, bravery is secondary to obedience.

VENANGO COUNTY IS STARTLED BY TRAGEDY.

WILLIAM WALLS KILLED DAVID
GREGG WITH A KNIFE.

A FURIOUS AND FATAL FIGHT.

A Horrible Wound Almost Penetrating
the Body—Walls Is in Jail—The
Coroner's Verdict.

OIL CITY, Pa., Dec. 8.—[Special.]—David Gregg of Franklin was murdered this morning at the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Catherine Walls, in Oakland township, Venango county. William Walls, his brother-in-law, is in the Franklin jail with proof conclusive of his guilt. The crime has shocked the community and throughout the day the news of the brutal fight and its fatal termination has been eagerly sought.

Mrs. Walls, a widow of less than a year, lives on the old Franklin and Titusville road, between Dempseytown and Rouseville, about 3½ miles west of the latter place. Her husband was killed last summer by falling under a reaper which cut and mangled him horribly. She has two sons, William and Moses, aged 23 and 16 years. The former did not reside at home until after his father's death, as the two are said to have disagreed.

William and his brother Moses quarreled frequently. Their old mother endeavored to act as mediator between them but their wars of words often turned to blows. For a week David Gregg and his wife, a daughter of Mrs. Walls, had been visiting at the farm house. Gregg was assisting the Walls boys to prepare a winter supply of wood. Tuesday morning the two boys became involved in an altercation at the breakfast table. Mrs. Walls attempted to remonstrate with them. William was said to have hurled a chair at her viciously.

Gregg, unable to withstand longer the unfair treatment which Moses was receiving at the hands of his larger and stronger brother, arose and took a hand in the fight. The two men clinched and struggled desperately. Gregg was the stronger and more active. He knocked Walls down four times. The last time he fell he struck against the table and involuntarily seized the first weapon upon which his hand chanced to fall. It was the butcher knife, keen as a razor and ground to a sharp point.

Filled with the passion of the moment, he sprang toward Gregg and struck one savage blow. His victim fell to the floor and the stream of blood which flowed rapidly from a wound in the left breast told the startled family that a tragedy had been enacted under their very eyes.

Gregg said only the words, "I'm hit," and fell backward unconscious. In fifteen minutes his lifeless body was stretched upon the floor in the presence of his distressed wife and terror-stricken children. It was an awful deed and for a time the family seemed powerless to act, not knowing exactly what should be done under the circumstances.

William Walls seemed self possessed and did not leave the house. He assisted to care for the dead. An hour later, in company with B. F. Hazlett, he started for Oil City to give himself up to the authorities.

Hiram Brown, of Franklin, county detective of Venango county, prepared yesterday morning to go hunting. He took a street car from his home and went to Rouseville, where he expected to hire a horse and carriage and drive into the country to some distance in search of game. He was just ready to leave the livery barn in Rouseville when word arrived that "Will Walls had killed David Gregg." He turned his horse in the direction of Dempseytown and drove rapidly toward the scene of the tragedy. When he had traversed half of the distance he met Hazlett and Walls going to Oil City. He promptly placed the man under arrest, returned to Rouseville and later came to this city. Here the prisoner gave his version of the story as related above and said that he killed George Gregg in self defense.

Walls is about five feet, six inches in height, spare of build and looks the innocent country boy which he was previous to this awful affair. He talked freely and was not in the least excited about his arrest. He was taken to Franklin at noon and lodged in the county jail to await the developments of the next few days.

Coroner Dr. Stockton of Franklin went to the Walls home this afternoon and empaneled a jury. Evidence was heard from Mrs. Walls, Miss Walls, Mrs. Gregg and Moses Walls. All related practically the same story about the struggle in the farm house this morning. They told of the quarrel between the two boys and of how Gregg attempted to assist Moses. This landed him in the thickest of the trouble. He dealt Walls blow on blow. The latter staggered and fell four different times but returned to the attack each time. He endeavored to seize a piece of wood from behind the stove but was prevented from doing so. He fell against the table and clutched the knife. One terrific blow and it was all ended.

The body was examined. The physician found a knife wound in the left breast one and one-half inches above the heart. An examination showed that the blade had penetrated the lung, heart, pericardium and diaphragm and had sunk deeply into the liver. It was no child's blow, almost penetrating the body. The jury returned a verdict that Gregg came to his death by a knife wound and William Walls was named as the responsible person.

Walls has not been arraigned for a hearing, but probably will be tomorrow. He will enter a plea of self defense.

Gregg was 32 years of age. He is survived by his widow and three small children. He was a sober, industrious workman and had many friends in his community.

SMALL GRIST FROM THE CONGRESSIONAL MILL.

Sharp Debate in Senate Between
Messrs. Gorman and Lodge.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The recent investigation into frauds in the post office department was the basis of a sharp debate in the senate today by Mr. Gorman and Mr. Lodge. The discussion arose over a motion by Mr. Lodge to refer to the committee on postoffices the resolution introduced by Mr. Penrose, looking to a senate investigation into the conditions of the department. Mr. Gorman intimated that the investigation by the department had been partisan in character and said that counter charges had been made against the men who had made it. Mr. Lodge defended the department's work and declared it was far more thorough than a congressional inquiry would be. The resolution went over without action.

Mr. Teller made a speech in opposition to the Cuban bill. He severely criticized General Wood and declared the bill was in the interest of the trusts. Mr. Clapp spoke briefly, stating that the senate had absolute power in making treaties.

House Proceedings.
The house today authorized the committee on postoffices and post roads to request the postmaster general to supply the committee with papers in connection with the recent investigation of the postoffice department. It was explained by Mr. Overstreet, chairman of the committee, that the purpose of the resolution was to supply the committee with information essential to the proper consideration of appropriation bills. The minority made an unsuccessful effort to amend the resolution so as to provide that the house request the postmaster general for papers and evidence touching on the investigation.

The house also instructed the judiciary committee to make inquiry and report whether the Isle of Pines can be ceded to Cuba without the concurrent action of the house and senate.

CRIMES MORE SERIOUS THAN SMUGGLING.

A REGISTERED CHINAMAN KID-
NAPED AND HELD PRISONER.

RANSOM DEMANDED OF FRIENDS.

Moy Took, Who Told the Story, Is
Missing and Police Believe He May
Have Been Murdered.

BUFFALO, Dec. 8.—The authorities who are investigating the smuggling of Chinamen into this country from Canada and especially the case of a party of eleven Chinese who were accidentally dumped into the canal at the foot of Breckinridge street last Friday, have unearthed a case of kidnapping and indications of a plot to commit murder.

The kidnapped person was a Chinaman named Moy Took. He was in the party of eleven and has not been seen since the accident occurred. The inspectors believe that he was among the four drowned. Moy Took was a registered Chinaman. He neglected to get a passport prior to a trip to Canada and decided to come back to the United States with a party of contraband countrymen.

Federal authorities say that Moy Took was kidnapped and held a prisoner near Fort Erie for nearly two months, the smugglers demanding a ransom from friends in New York. His certificate was stolen and he was robbed of a sum of money. The Chinamen are brutally treated by the smugglers, the Chinese say. If Moy was drowned, as they believe, his death may be attributed to the cupidity of the smugglers, if not a plot against his life. Other arrests are looked for and charges more serious than smuggling may be made.

William McDonache, the boatman arrested late last night for smuggling, pleaded not guilty today and was released on \$1,000 bail.

NEARLY A WHOLE
FAMILY CREMATED

In a Fire Which Destroyed Their New
Jersey Home.

CLARKSBURG, N. J., Dec. 8.—Near-ly a whole family perished in the flames that destroyed a dwelling today.

Clayton Fowler, aged 42; his wife, Margaret, 36, and three children, aged respectively 13 years, 3 years and 6 months, were overcome by smoke and burned to death.

The fire started from a chimney in the kitchen. The eldest child, George, who escaped by jumping from a window, occupied a room directly over the kitchen. He was the first to be aroused by the fire. He says when he awoke he found the room full of smoke and the hall a mass of flames. He tried to reach the other members of the family but was prevented by the flames. Neighbors say that the mother appeared at the window and started to crawl out, carrying her 6 months' old infant. The neighbors shouted to her to wait until a ladder could be raised. She poised herself on the window sill with her child for a moment or two. Then a dense volume of smoke suddenly poured from the window, followed by long tongues of fire, and a moment later the woman, with a cry of despair, fell backward with the babe still in her arms into the flames. Nothing was seen of Fowler or the other children.

London Gold for Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—The First National Bank of Chicago has engaged \$500,000 in gold in London for shipment to Chicago. This is the first direct engagement of gold in London by a Chicago bank in years, the needs of Chicago banks in that regard usually being supplied by New York correspondents.

Some men tie their lives up in a napkin. It would be better if they would put themselves out on interest.

AEROPLANE WENT INTO THE RIVER.

SECOND TEST OF PROF. LANG-
LEY'S MACHINE A FAILURE.

NEVER AROSE FROM TRAMWAY.

Wind and Weather Conditions Perfect,
But the Machine Is Wrecked—Op-
erator Narrowly Escapes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Under weather conditions which were regarded as perfect, the Langley airship or aeroplane today was given a second trial a short distance from Washington down the Potomac, the result being the complete wreck of the airship.

Everything had been in readiness for the trial for some days so that it was felt that all that was needed for the test was the right sort of wind and weather. This afternoon these conditions presented themselves and the test was made under auspicious conditions.

On the word being given to launch the aeroplane it glided smoothly along the launching tramway until the end of the tramway was reached when, on being left to itself, the aeroplane broke in two and tumbled completely over, precipitating Professor Charles Manley, who was operating it, into the icy water beneath the tangled mass. A number of launches, containing newspaper men and others, immediately steered for the spot, but before they could reach Professor Manley one of his assistants leaped overboard and brought him aboard the house boat on which the launching tramway was built.

Professor Langley was present to witness the test and appeared crestfallen when he saw the product of months of study and labor, combined with an enormous expenditure of money, disappear beneath the water close to where he was standing aboard a tug.

The failure to fly was total and the wreck of the aeroplane was most complete.

Professor Langley, after witnessing the disaster to the flying machine today said that the machine itself was not at fault. The accident, in his opinion, was caused by a defect in the launching apparatus and was not due to any weakness in the machine itself. "I want to say," he added, "that I greatly appreciate the efforts and bravery of Mr. Manley."

E. T. WHITAKER TRIED
TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

Police Called Outside the City Limits
to Quell a Disturbance.

The police were called early this morning to the residence of E. T. Whitaker, a butcher residing at 400 West Spring street. Whitaker began drinking yesterday afternoon and according to the police worked himself into a frenzy. He chased his wife and children from the house and flourished a butcher knife. During the early evening several neighbors tried to remonstrate with him, but he was soon in sole possession of the premises, as no one cared to face the threats and the knife.

Last night he loosened a piece of hose used for a gas connection, and placing one end in his mouth, he deliberately attempted suicide. He was frustrated in the attempt by the members of the family, although he inhaled sufficient gas to make him very sick. He again chased the children out of doors and ran around in the snow half dressed and barefooted. As he lives outside the city limits the police have no authority to make an arrest under any ordinance. They quieted the man and persuaded him to go to bed.

Dr. Alexander Elected President.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church has elected the Rev. George Alexander, D.D., as president of the board to succeed the Rev. John D. Wells, D.D., who died recently and who had been for forty-nine years a member of the board and for eighteen years its president. Rev. Alexander is pastor of the University Place Presbyterian church, New York, and a member of the board of directors of the Princeton Theological seminary.

The Law's Delay.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 8.—John A. Wood, leader of the convicts who escaped from Folsom penitentiary last summer when a guard was stabbed to death, was today convicted of murder in the second degree. As Wood is already serving a life sentence Judge Hart ordered him to appear in court for sentence one hundred years from today.

Returned to Work.

BROOKVILLE, Pa., Dec. 8.—The glass workers here who were ordered out by President Phillips because their plant would not enter into an agreement relative to the output of glass and scale of wages, have gone back to work with the exception of six, and the plant is running full.

Castro's Cute Move.

PORT OF SPAIN, Dec. 8.—It is believed here that the opening of the port of Tucacas by President Castro is for the purpose of diminishing the returns of the customs house at Porto Cabello, which has been given a guarantee to the claimant powers in accordance with protocols signed by Mr. Bowen.

All who use Atomizers in treating nasal catarrh will get the best result from Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cts. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1900.
Messrs. Ely Bros.:—I sold two bottles of your Liquid Cream Balm to a customer, Wm. Lamberton, 1415 Delachaise St., New Orleans; he has used the two bottles, giving him wonderful and most satisfactory results. Geo. W. McHugh, Pharmacist.

GOVERNOR PENNYPACKER DENIES POLITICAL DEAL.

However, If Membership on Supreme
Court Bench Is Offered Will Accept.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8.—The Public Ledger tomorrow will print a letter from Governor Pennypacker, dated Dec. 8, in which the governor denies the published statements that he is in a political deal to succeed Justice Samuel Gustine Thompson as a member of the Pennsylvania supreme court. The governor concludes his letter as follows:

"If, however, the Republican state convention should see fit, in its wisdom, to nominate me for the supreme court and that should be followed by an election, I shall return to the bench."

VIRGINIA POLITICS GROWING VERY WARM.

MOB OF 300 ASSAIL BERKELEY
COUNTY OFFICIALS.

QUALIFYING NEGROES TO VOTE

Is Said to Be the Offense for Which
the Attack Was Made—Church
Bell Gave the Signal.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 8.—Summoned by the ringing of the bell of the Berkeley Avenue Baptist church tonight, a mob of 300 white Democrats stormed the office of the Berkeley improvement board, in which were County Treasurer Lyons, Commissioner of Revenue Nicholas, Town Recorder Old, Deputy County Clerk W. H. Lyons and nearly a score of negroes, and rushed the entire party from the building to the street. County Treasurer Lyons was kicked half way down the stairs.

The crowd then assailed the Berkeley police station and found there County Clerk Alvah H. Martin, a Republican, seated at a table with Rev. John Sumler, a negro councilman. Martin was attacked, severely choked and slammed against a cell door. As he stood there powerless, denunciatory speeches were delivered to him and he was then escorted to his home by the police. The mob was composed of about 300 men, all white, and nearly all armed, shotguns and repeating rifles being plentiful, while revolvers and clubs were also in evidence. Several shots were fired in the street, but no one was hurt.

The riot was caused by bitter political feeling which has existed between the straight out Democratic element in Norfolk county and the Fusion element, controlled by Martin. It is charged by the Democrats that the county officials present in the office of the improvement board assembled there to collect the toll tax of the negroes surreptitiously, and that on the other hand obstacles are placed in the way of white Democrats on the qualifying to vote.

In the crowd was C. W. Rockefeller, a first cousin of the Standard Oil magnate, and Rev. Herbert Scholz, a Christian minister.

How to Prevent Croup.

It will be good news to the mothers of small children to learn that croup can be prevented. The first sign of croup is hoarseness. A day or two before the attack the child becomes hoarse. This is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the rough cough appears, and it will dispel all symptoms of croup. In this way all danger and anxiety may be avoided. This remedy is used by many thousands of mothers and has never been known to fail. It is, in fact, the only remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by T. W. Reuting.

Excuses have no weight on God's scales.

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

E. K. Thompson & Son, the popular druggists, report that they have had a large increase in the sales on the flesh-forming Mi-o-na and that their customers tell them that it does all that is claimed for it.

It is a fact that there are not nearly as many thin and scrawny people on the streets of Titusville today as there were a year ago. This is undoubtedly due to the general use of Mi-o-na, the flesh-forming food that E. K. Thompson & Son have been selling in large quantities the last year. E. K. Thompson & Son have so much confidence in Mi-o-na that they offer to pay for the treatment themselves if it does not give satisfaction.

It pays to advertise articles of merit in the Herald. While Mi-o-na has been advertised but little, yet E. K. Thompson & Son say that it is the best selling article in their stock. This shows the advantage of Herald advertising when one has an article of special merit to sell on a "no cure, no pay" plan, the way Mi-o-na, the flesh-forming food and digestion regulator, is sold.

The following notice has been sent to the leading druggists in all cities through the country, among them E. K. Thompson & Son of this city:

"You are hereby authorized to sell Mi-o-na with the distinct understanding that if it does not give an increase in weight and cure dyspepsia and all stomach troubles, the price is to be refunded to the customer on his simple statement that it did not give satisfaction."

"THE R. T. BOOTH CO."

Do not make yourself or your friends miserable because of your dyspepsia. Mi-o-na is guaranteed by E. K. Thompson & Son to cure this distressing disease and is sold with the distinct understanding that money will be refunded if it fails.